LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

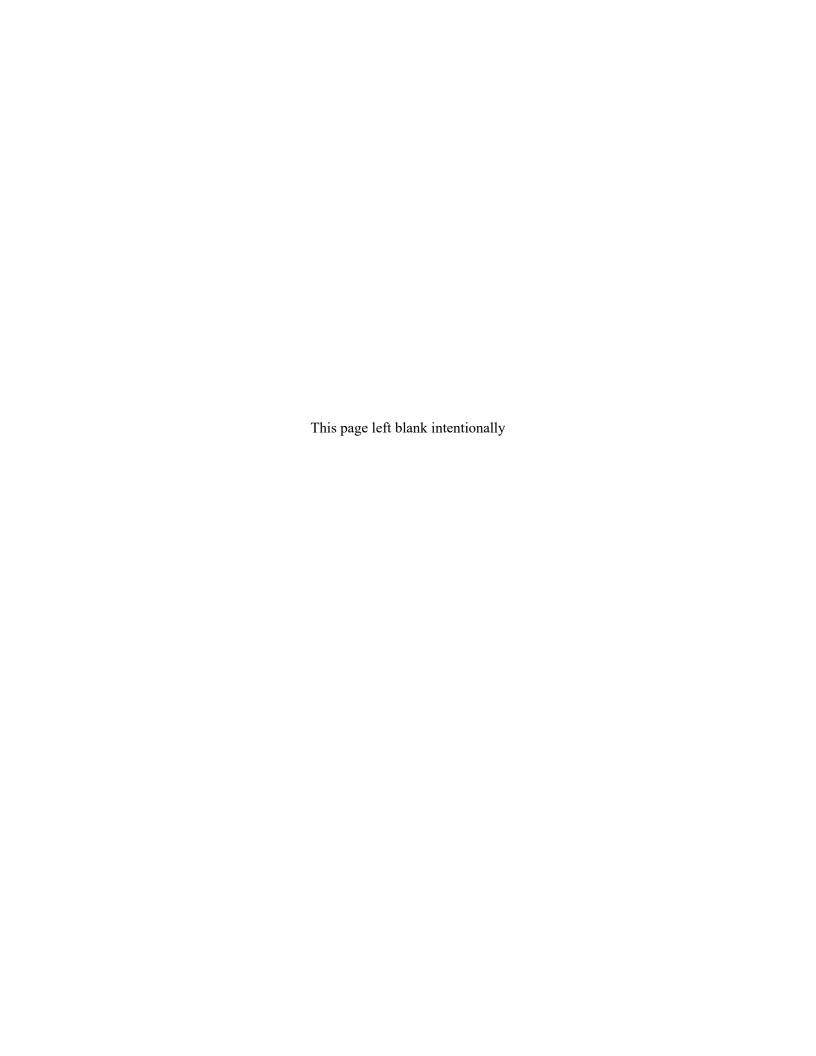
PART I – FINANCIAL SECTION	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	12
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	15
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	16
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	17

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	38
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – TCDRS	40
Schedule of Employer Contributions – TCDRS	41
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds	43
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds	48
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	53
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	54
PART II – COMPLIANCE	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	55



PART I FINANCIAL SECTION

To The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Lamb County Hospital, which is both a major fund and 100 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Lamb County Hospital, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lamb County, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lamb County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lamb County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 38 – 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The County has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. The MD&A, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The independent auditors' opinion is not affected by the omission of the MD&A.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor and custodial fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

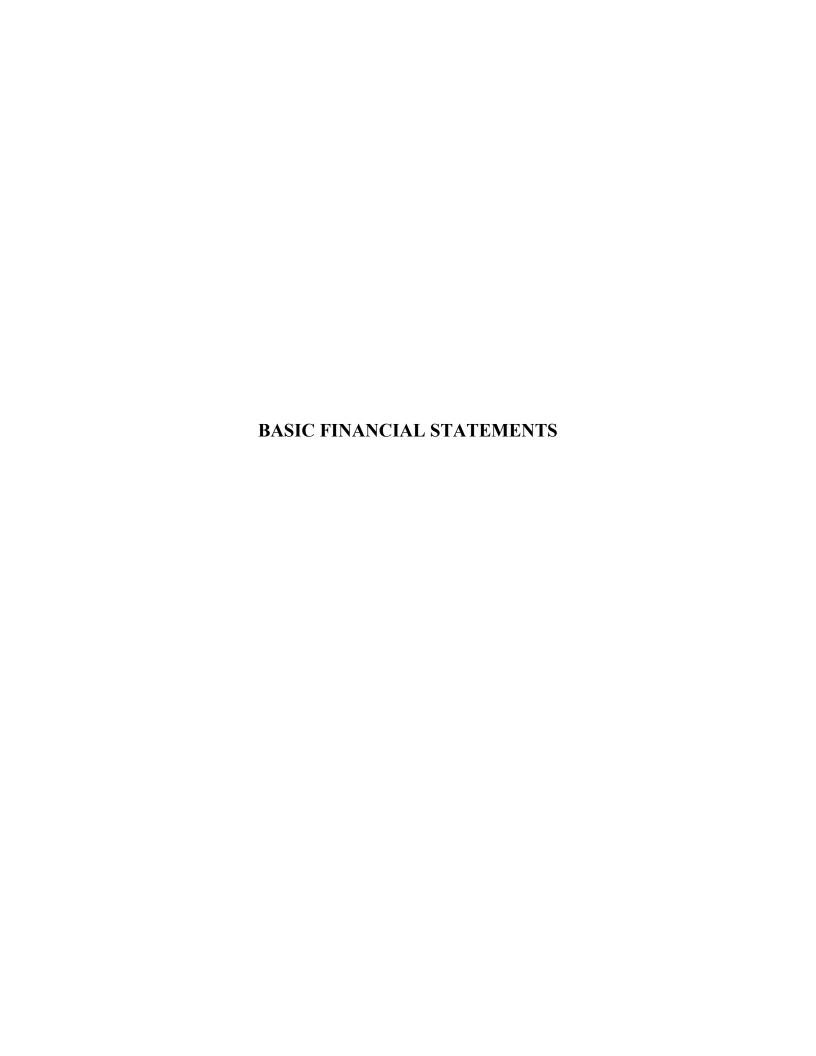
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2025, on our consideration of Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

Amarillo, Texas June 20, 2025



LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,792,241	\$ 243,336	\$ 4,035,577		
Accounts receivable, net	198,027	1,936,052	2,134,079		
Taxes receivable, net	170,712	-	170,712		
Internal balances	2,744,732	(2,744,732)	-		
Inventories	1,268	477,256	478,524		
Prepaid items	101,308	106,230	207,538		
Net pension asset	24,012	-	24,012		
Capital assets net of					
of accumulated depreciation	9,147,770	4,276,515	13,424,285		
Total assets	16,180,070	4,294,657	20,474,727		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension contributions	421,619	_	421,619		
Pension economic loss	74,617	_	74,617		
Pension deficient earnings	66,944		66,944		
Total deferred outflows of resources	563,180	<u> </u>	563,180		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	654,577	1,257,712	1,912,289		
Due to other governmental agencies	464,318	-	464,318		
Accrued liabilities	66,879	987,810	1,054,689		
Accrued interest	9,699	-	9,699		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	212,090	37,654	249,744		
Due in more than one year	323,901	37,516	361,417		
Total liabilities	1,731,464	2,320,692	4,052,156		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension economic/demographic gains	98,633	<u> </u>	98,633		
Total deferred inflows of resources	98,633	<u> </u>	98,633		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	8,698,446	4,201,345	12,899,791		
Restricted:					
By enabling legislation	763,936	-	763,936		
Unrestricted	5,450,771	(2,227,380)	3,223,391		
Total net position	\$ 14,913,153	\$ 1,973,965	\$ 16,887,118		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and

		Program Revenues					Changes in Net Position				
					Operating		Capital		Primary Governmen		
		(Charges for	G	Frants and	Gı	rants and	 Governmental	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Cor	ntributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Primary government:	 										
Governmental activities:											
Administrative	\$ 2,361,615	\$	136,884	\$	1,500,742	\$	-	\$ (723,989)	\$	\$	(723,989)
Judicial	910,390		179,673		203,873		-	(526,844)			(526,844)
Public facilities	640,174		3,496		149,209		-	(487,469)			(487,469)
Public safety	3,272,469		44,870		397,129		-	(2,830,470)			(2,830,470)
Road and bridge	2,140,103		515,575		135,900		-	(1,488,628)			(1,488,628)
Public service	641,917		3,165		204,427		-	(434,325)			(434,325)
Interest on long-term debt	 21,635		-		-		-	 (21,635)			(21,635)
Total governmental activities	9,988,303		883,663		2,591,280		-	 (6,513,360)		_	(6,513,360)
Business-type activities:											
Lamb County Hospital	 15,326,386		11,970,503		29,838		-	 	(3,326,045)		(3,326,045)
Total business-type activities	 15,326,386		11,970,503		29,838		-	 	(3,326,045)		(3,326,045)
Total primary government	\$ 25,314,689	\$	12,854,166	\$	2,621,118	\$	-	 (6,513,360)	(3,326,045)		(9,839,405)
					al revenues:						
				Taxe							
					operty taxes			10,149,276	-		10,149,276
					yments in lieu			60,000	-		60,000
					ixed beverage t			5,506	-		5,506
					stment earnin	gs		418,638	15,584		434,222
					ellaneous			333,845	-		333,845
				Gain	on disposal of	assets		372,634	-		372,634
				Tran	sfers			 (1,326,935)	1,326,935		
				To	otal general reve	enues an	d transfers	 10,012,964	1,342,519		11,355,483
				Ch	nange in net pos	sition		3,499,604	(1,983,526)		1,516,078
				Ne	et position - beg	ginning		11,413,549	3,957,491		15,371,040
				Ne	et position - end	ling		\$ 14,913,153	\$ 1,973,965	\$	16,887,118

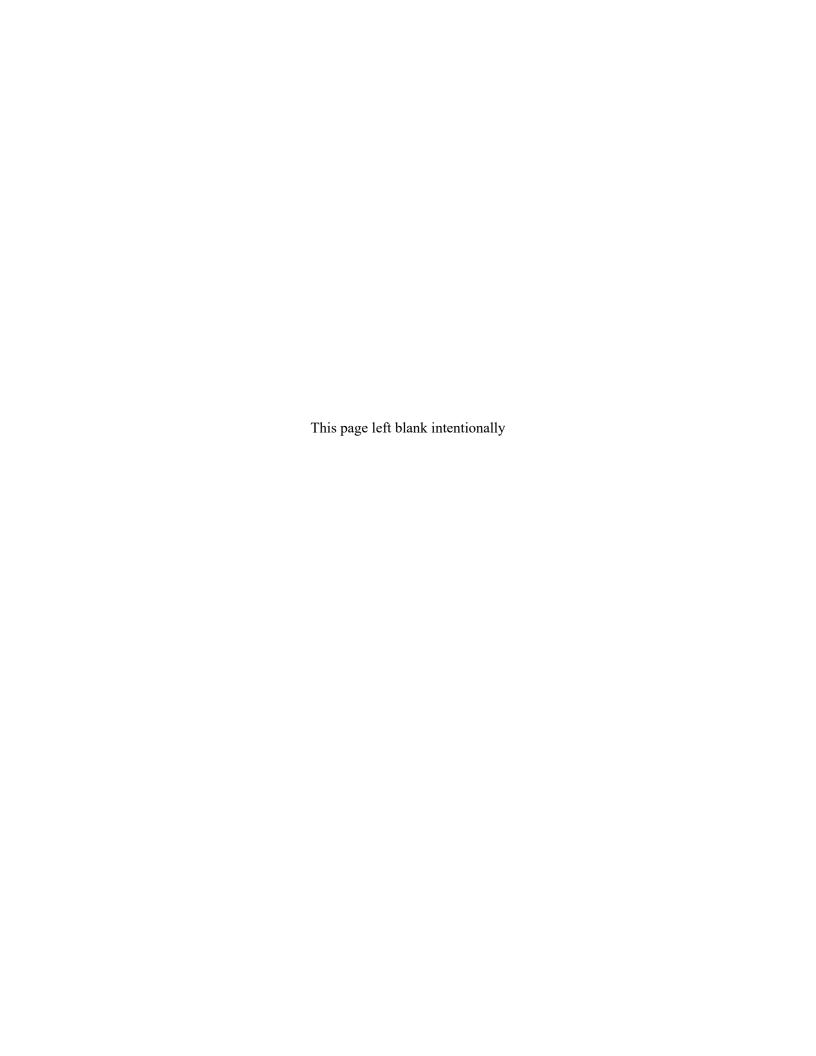
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 Lamb Healthca General Center - Coun					
ASSETS	 _				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,222,160	\$	177,746	\$	278,699	
Accounts receivable, net	129,779		-		-	
Taxes receivable, net	170,712		-		-	
Due from other funds	2,965,933		-		-	
Inventories	1,268		-		-	
Prepaid items	 86,704		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 4,576,556	\$	177,746	\$	278,699	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 450,935	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to other funds	-		177,746		_	
Due to other governmental entities	185,619		-		278,699	
Accrued liabilities	 65,737					
Total liabilities	 702,291		177,746		278,699	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	129,259		-		-	
Unavailable revenue - other receivables	105,581				-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	234,840					
FUND BALANCES						
Non-spendable:						
Inventories	1,268		-		-	
Prepaid items	86,704		-		-	
Restricted:						
By enabling legislation	-		-		-	
Debt service Committed for:	-		-		-	
Special projects Unassigned	3,551,453		-		-	
Onassigned	 3,331,433				-	
Total fund balances	 3,639,425					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,576,556	\$	177,746	\$	278,699	

	on-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	2,113,636	\$	3,792,241
Ψ	68,248	Ψ	198,027
	-		170,712
	-		2,965,933
	-		1,268
	14,604		101,308
\$	2,196,488	\$	7,229,489
\$	203,642	\$	654,577
	43,455		221,201
	-		464,318
	1,142		66,879
	248,239		1,406,975
	-		129,259
			105,581
			234,840
	_		1,268
	14,604		101,308
	763,936		763,936
	5		5
	1,169,704		1,169,704
	-		3,551,453
	1,948,249		5,587,674
	_	_	
\$	2,196,488	\$	7,229,489

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

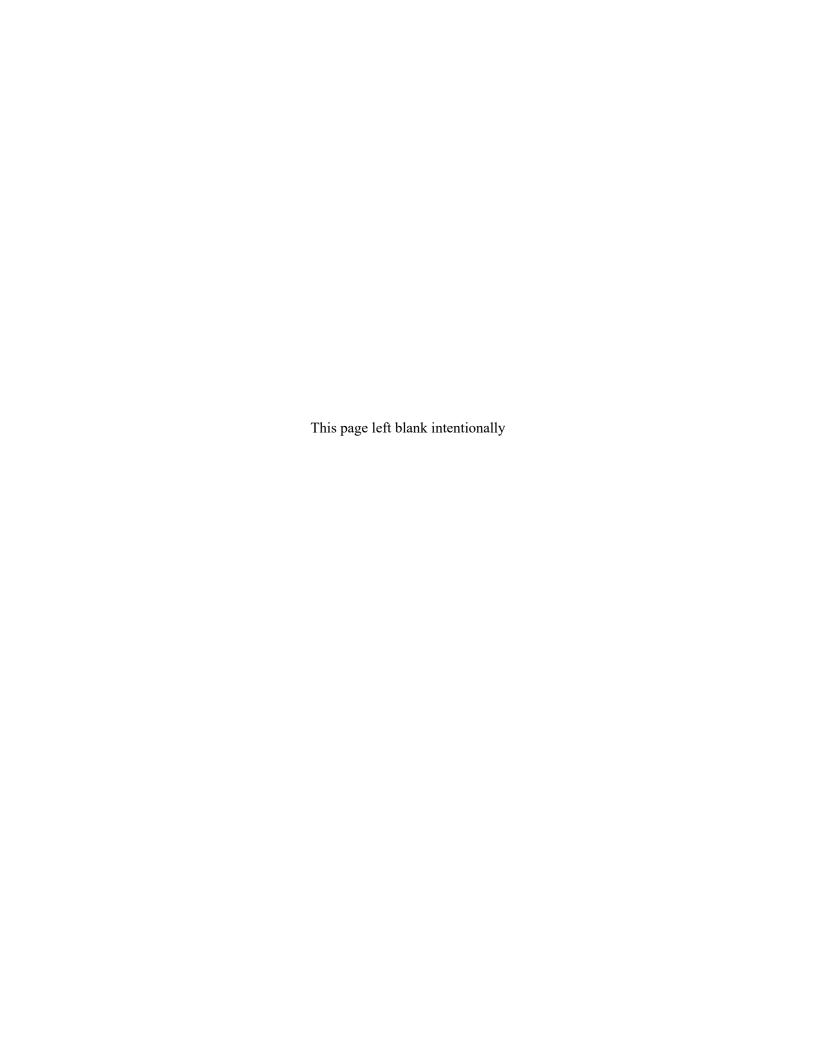
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	5,587,674
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		9,147,770
Certain accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are shown as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements.	,	234,840
The net pension asset is not a current financial resource and therefore, is not reported in the fund financial statement, but is reported in the governmental activities of the Statement o Net Position.		24,012
Pension contributions paid after the measurement date, December 31, 2023, and before September 30, 2024 are expensed in the governmental funds and shown as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.		421,619
Pension losses and deficient earnings are shown as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	e	
Pension economic/demographic losses Pension deficient earnings		74,617 66,944
Pension gains and excess earnings are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	e	
Pension economic/demographic gains		(98,633)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are no reported in the fund financial statements:	t	
Accrued interest payable		(9,699)
Leases and subscription liabilities		(449,323)
Accrued compensated absences		(86,668)
Net position - governmental activities	\$	14,913,153

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 General	b Healthcare ter - County	merican overy Grant
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 7,028,270	\$ 1,326,935	\$ -
Payments in lieu of taxes	60,000	-	-
Mixed beverage taxes	5,506	-	-
Licenses and fees	197,429	-	_
Fines and forfeitures	75,704	-	-
Intergovernmental	49,967	-	1,323,991
Interest	229,897	-	68,775
Miscellaneous	 298,898	 -	
Total revenues	 7,945,671	1,326,935	1,392,766
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Administrative	2,037,065	-	211,320
Judicial	865,613	-	-
Public facilities	532,507	-	-
Public safety	2,833,409	-	_
Road and bridge	-	-	_
Public service	211,635	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal	3,778	-	_
Interest	753	-	-
Capital outlay	 413,487	 	 1,112,671
Total expenditures	 6,898,247	 	 1,323,991
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,047,424	 1,326,935	 68,775
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Initiation of lease	43,012	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	46,500	-	-
Transfers in	221,586	-	_
Transfers out	 (241,336)	 (1,326,935)	 (170,465)
Total other financing sources (uses)	69,762	(1,326,935)	(170,465)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,117,186	-	(101,690)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 2,522,239		101,690
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 3,639,425	\$ 	\$

on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,790,529	\$ 10,145,734
-	60,000
-	5,506
626,647	824,076
19,442	95,146
1,217,322	2,591,280
119,966	418,638
 34,947	333,845
3,808,853	14,474,225
21,841	2,270,226
94,208	959,821
156,623	689,130
417,750	3,251,159
1,765,493	1,765,493
453,678	665,313
85,797	89,575
11,494	12,247
 801,000	2,327,158
3,807,884	12,030,122
 969	2,444,103
444,100	487,112
132,000	178,500
254,436	476,022
(64,221)	(1,802,957)
 766,315	(661,323)
767,284	1,782,780
 1,180,965	3,804,894
\$ 1,948,249	\$ 5,587,674

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,782,780
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated usefulives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays, \$2,327,158, exceeded depreciation \$1,056,526, in the current period.	a 1	1,270,632
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposition of capital assets is reported However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposition, if any, increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets disposed of.	•	(116,866)
The Statement of Activities reports gains arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.		311,000
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances This amount represents the change in unavailable revenue.		(32,017)
In the Statement of Net Position, incurring debt increases long-term liabilities and does no affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, repayments of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. Debt issued or incurred:		
Leases and subscription liabilities		(487,112)
Principal repayments: Leases and subscription liabilities		89,575
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of curren financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	t	
Accrued interest on debt, net change		(9,388)
Compensated absences, net change		6,932
Pension deferred outflows of resources		(329,321)
Pension deferred inflows of resources		137,975
Net pension asset, net change		24,012
Net pension liability, net change		851,402
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	3,499,604

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	243,336
Patient accounts receivable, net		1,573,654
Estimated third-party payor settlements		66,878
Other receivables		295,520
Due from other funds		177,746
Inventory of supplies		477,256
Prepaid and other current assets		106,230
Total current assets		2,940,620
Total cultent assets	-	2,740,020
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land		61,822
Land improvements		1,022,226
Building and improvements		2,443,002
Equipment		9,650,625
Leased equipment		145,695
Construction in progress (non-depreciable)		16,800
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,063,655)
Total non-current assets		4,276,515
Total assets		7,217,135

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,257,712
Due to other funds	2,922,478
Accrued payroll, benefits, and related liabilities	671,939
Other accrued liabilities	315,871
Current portion of long-term debt	37,654
Total current liabilities	5,205,654
Non-current liabilities:	
Long-term debt, bet of current portion	 37,516
Total non-current liabilities	37,516
Total liabilities	 5,243,170
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,201,345
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (2,227,380)
Total net position	\$ 1,973,965

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES:	
Net patient service revenue	\$ 11,721,225
Other operating revenue	249,278
Total operating revenues	 11,970,503
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries and wages	5,369,521
Employee benefits	642,823
Professional fees and purchased services	5,126,989
Supplies and other	3,344,636
Depreciation and amortization	826,610
Total operating expenses	 15,310,579
Operating loss	 (3,340,076)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:	
Tobacco settlement revenue	29,838
Interest expense	(15,807)
Investment income	15,584
Total non-operating revenues	29,615
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(3,310,461)
TRANSFERS IN	1,326,935
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,983,526)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 3,957,491
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,973,965

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 10,664,146
Other receipts and payments, net	220,151
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(8,508,620)
Payments to employees	(5,949,619)
Net cash used by operating activities	(3,573,942)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES	
Cash invested in funds held by Lamb County	2,681,336
Interfund transfers	1,326,935
Proceeds from tobacco settlement	29,838
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	4,038,109
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal payments on long-term debt	(40,476)
Interest payments on long-term debt	(15,807)
Purchases of capital assets	(202,994)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(259,277)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment earnings	15,584
Net cash provided by investing activities	15,584
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	220,474
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,862
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 243,336

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (3,340,076)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation and amorization	826,610
Provision for bad debts	1,982,080
(Increase) decrease in operating assets	
Patient accounts receivable	(2,694,370)
Estimated third-party payor settlements	(4,591)
Other receivables	206,951
Inventory of supplies	(16,045)
Prepaid and other current assets	(59,627)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	
Accounts payable	11,537
Accrued payroll, benefits, and related liabilities	62,725
Other accrued liabilities	 (549,136)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (3,573,942)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	
New lease obligations	\$ 79,195

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	CustodialFunds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 889,431
Total assets	889,431
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	22,282
Due to other governments	4,930
Total liabilities	27,212
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals	862,219
Total net position	\$ 862,219

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Tax collections	\$ 3,199,361
Trust/Escrow contributions	1,100,055
Inmate accounts	91,681
Investment earnings	13,542
Total additions	4,404,639
Deductions	
Payments to local governments	3,208,180
Trust/Escrow disbursements	547,809
Inmate accounts	89,915
Total deductions	3,845,904
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	558,735
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	303,484
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 862,219

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lamb County, Texas (County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles) (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County, incorporated in 1876, is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by the Commissioners Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County provides a variety of services to advance the welfare, morale, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its citizens.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing the County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either, it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

On August 1, 1991, the County purchased all of the assets and assumed all of the liabilities of the Lamb County Hospital d/b/a Lamb Healthcare Center (the "Hospital"). The Hospital is an enterprise fund of the County. It was established for the purpose of maintaining a system to provide hospital and medical care to the residents of Lamb County, Texas. The Hospital is supported, in part, by subsidies from the County with a budgeted portion of the ad valorem tax revenue assessed by the County each year. The Hospital has elected to prepare separate financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024, which include a complete set of financial statements and footnote disclosures. A copy of the annual financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Administration of Lamb Healthcare Center at 1500 South Sunset, Littlefield, Texas, 79339.

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-like activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Fines and forfeitures are recognized when they have been assessed and adjudicated and earned. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Continued

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – Continuation

Government-Wide Statements – Continuation

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the County's programs are offset by those programs' revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and/or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*. In miscellaneous general revenues are non-program specific contributions including capital assets contributions.

Fiduciary funds are excluded in the government-wide presentation of the financial statements.

Fund-Level Statements

All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers property taxes and other revenues as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Grant and entitlement revenues are also susceptible to accrual. These funds are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any proprietary funds, including internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, including custodial funds, are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses when they are incurred. Claims incurred but not reported are included in payables and expenses. These funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for administrative, judicial, public facilities, public safety, public service, road and bridge, and capital acquisition.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – Continuation

Fund-Level Statements – Continuation

The <u>Lamb Healthcare Center – County</u> is used to account for the ad valorem taxes collected and cash balances held on behalf of the Lamb County Hospital, to subsidize the Hospital's annual operations.

The <u>American Recovery Grant</u> is used to account for funds received through various federal agencies passed through the State of Texas. The pass through grant is to be used to reimburse the County for qualified incurred costs and lost revenue related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds types:

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> – *Lamb County Hospital* accounts for the resources used to maintain a system to provide hospital and medical care to the residents of Lamb County, Texas.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other funds. Custodial funds do not involve a formal trust agreement.

C. Use of Restricted Assets

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and deposits within public fund investment pools. Statutes authorize the County to keep funds in demand deposits, time deposits, or securities of the United States. The County's custodial banks are required to pledge for the purpose of securing County funds, securities of the following kind, in an amount equal to the amount of such County funds: bonds and notes of the United States, securities of indebtedness of the United States, bonds of the State of Texas, or of any county, city, or independent school district, and various other bonds as described in Texas Statutes. TexPool is duly chartered and administered by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company and the portfolio normally consists of U.S. T-Bills or T-Notes, collateralized certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements. The carrying value (cost) and market value are equal for these deposits.

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act ("Act"), to adopt, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written, primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity, address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management, and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested, and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

1. Deposits and Investments – Continuation

The Act requires an annual audit of investment policies. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements, disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management has reported and established appropriate policies. The County adheres to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County are in accordance with local policies.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unavailable revenues in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$7,298,150.

Payables consist of vendor obligations for goods and services as well as funds payable to others when the criteria for their release have been met.

3. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

Property taxes are based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31 of the following year unless the half payment option is elected in which one-half the tax is due November 30, and the balance the following June 30. Tax collections after February 1 are treated as late payments and are subject to penalty and interest. Uncollected taxes from the current tax roll become delinquent on July 1 and are subject to additional penalties and interest. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levies are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$438,973.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

4. Restricted Assets/Funds

The following accounts reflect restricted status by third-party or statutory obligations for specific purposes:

• Other Non-Major Governmental fund balances (amounts restricted for other specific purposes such as management, preservation, and archiving of public records, enhancement of law enforcement operations with seized funds, maintenance of the commissary in the Sheriff's Department, personnel and security for the courthouse, technology requirements for the justice court, administration of juvenile probation programs, administration of drug and alcohol awareness programs, assisting in paying compensation for guardians or attorneys ad litem, administration of pretrial diversion programs, defraying the County's voter registration expenses, and enhancement of the County Attorney operations with fees from processing dishonored and forged checks. All restrictions are enacted according to Texas statutes.)

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than purchased. At September 30, 2024, inventories consisted of fuel, rock, and culverts in the road and bridge department.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The County uses the consumption method to record its prepaid items which requires reporting these items as assets and deferring the recognition of expenditures until the period in which prepaid items are used or consumed. In the fund financial statements, they are offset by a designation of no spendable fund balance which indicates they do not represent "available spendable resources".

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. According to the County's capitalization policy, capital assets, are defined as individual assets (or systems of assets) having a cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements	7 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	7 - 15 years
General equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Continued

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the contributions and other items related to the County's pension plan reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other items are related to the changes in the County's pension plan and are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

8. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and comp time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

County employees (other than Sheriff's office employees) earn personal leave in varying amounts and do not earn sick leave. Unused personal leave may be accumulated up to 216 hours and is paid upon termination of employment. Sheriff office employees earn varying amounts of vacation time with a maximum accrual of 120 hours and an end of year carryover of 40 hours and is paid upon termination of employment. Sheriff office employees earn 3.08 hours of sick pay per period with a maximum accrual of 80 hours and an end of year carryover of 40 hours. Lamb County will not pay the employee for unused sick leave time accumulated. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act as it applies to local governments, non-exempt county employees are granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours. Accumulated compensatory time is also paid upon termination of employment.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Texas County and District Retirement System Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

<u>Non-spendable Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they: (a) are not in spendable form (e.g., inventories and prepaid items); (b) are not expected to be converted into cash within the current period or at all (e.g., long-term receivables); or (c) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., the non-spendable corpus of an endowment)

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts subject to usage constraints that have either been: (a) externally imposed by creditors (e.g., through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are constrained to use for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the Commissioners' Court. These amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the Court removes or changes the constraints via the same type of action used to initially commit them.

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended by the County for use for a specific purpose but which do not qualify for classification as either restricted or committed. The intent can be expressed by the Commissioners' Court or by a Court designee (e.g., a department head). This classification applies to the positive unrestricted and uncommitted fund balances of all governmental funds except the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – this classification applies to the residual fund balance of the General Fund and to any deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

11. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three categories.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, enabling legislation, or constitutional provisions.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount includes all net positions that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

12. Fund Balance Policies

When the County incurs an expenditure for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first, then unrestricted funds. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate action by the Commissioners' Court to either modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget.

The County's highest level of decision-making authority is the Commissioners' Court. The Court has not yet delegated the authority to assign fund balance amounts to a specific individual nor does it have a policy to authorize the assignment of fund balances outside the Court.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to September 1, the proposed budget is submitted to the Commissioners' Court.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY – Continuation

A. **Budgetary Information** – Continuation

- 2. The Commissioners' Court provides for a public hearing on the County budget subsequent to August 15, and prior to the levy of taxes by the Commissioners' Court.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Commissioners' Court for the General Fund and all non-major special revenue funds.
- 4. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the department level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Court as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Commissioners' Court. The Court has the authority to make such changes in the budget, in its judgment of facts, the law warrant, and the interest of the taxpayers demand, provided the amounts budgeted for the current expenditures from the various funds for the County do not exceed appropriations, including fund balances from the prior fiscal periods. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budget amounts and all supplemental appropriations. Supplemental appropriations to the original adopted budget are in the Final Budgeted Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 7. All appropriations, except those in grant funds, lapse at the end of the County's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the County's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2024:

Cash and deposit balances consist of:	
Petty cash funds	\$ 400
Bank deposits	 4,681,272
Total	\$ 4,681,672
Cash and deposit balances are reported in the basic financial statements as follows:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Position:	
Unrestricted - Governmental activities	\$ 3,792,241
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position	 889,431
Total	\$ 4,681,672

Custodial credit risk – *deposits*. As of September 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the County's deposits with financial institutions was \$4,681,272 and the bank's balance was \$5,056,001. Of the bank balance, \$981,574 was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining \$4,074,427 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's agent in the County's name.

Interest rate risk is the risk that adverse changes in interest rates will result in an adverse effect on the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by maintaining its cash in interest-bearing demand accounts, or in certificates of deposit with weighted average maturities of one year or less.

Credit risk is the risk that an insurer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law and County policy limit investments in local government pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single insurer. As of September 30, 2024, 100% of the County's carrying value of cash was deposited with the County's depository bank and was adequately secured as described above.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAX

The State of Texas Constitutional tax rate limit for both operations and debt service is \$.80 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax rate on the 2023 tax roll was \$.746 per \$100, which means that the County has a tax margin of \$.054 per \$100 and could raise up to \$752,842 additional revenue from the 2023 assessed valuation of \$1,394,152,316 before the limit is reached.

Real and personal property values are assessed for the period January 1 to December 31, as of January 1 at which date property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property. Taxes are levied by October 1 of the current year and are collected from October 1 to June 30 of the following year. Payments received after February 1 are considered late and are subject to penalty and interest. Taxes become delinquent on July 1 of the following year.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair market value at the date of receipt. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, depreciation policies were adopted to include useful lives and classification by function. As stated earlier, the County has not opted to report its infrastructure retroactively.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 71,385	\$ 12,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,385
Construction in process	210,809	913,618		(963,927)	160,500
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	282,194	925,618	-	(963,927)	243,885
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	13,967,539	252,994	-	963,927	15,184,460
Machinery and equipment	3,919,479	417,661	(864,924)	631,750	4,103,966
General equipment	1,770,447	44,357	-	-	1,814,804
Leased equipment	631,750	798,112	-	(631,750)	798,112
Vehicles	2,231,329	199,416	(150,516)	-	2,280,229
Subscription assets	35,462				35,462
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	22,556,006	1,712,540	(1,015,440)	963,927	24,217,033
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(8,941,361)	(351,661)	-	-	(9,293,022)
Machinery and equipment	(2,855,135)	(323,417)	801,211	(322,008)	(2,699,349)
General equipment	(1,559,442)	(46,095)	-	-	(1,605,537)
Leased equipment	(322,008)	(89,641)	-	322,008	(89,641)
Vehicles	(1,475,772)	(239,802)	97,363	-	(1,618,211)
Subscription assets	(1,478)	(5,910)			(7,388)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,155,196)	(1,056,526)	898,574		(15,313,148)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	7,400,810	656,014	(116,866)	963,927	8,903,885
Governmental activities capital	¢ 7.002.004	ф 1.501.622	¢ (117.977)	ø	¢ 0.147.770
assets, net	\$ 7,683,004	\$ 1,581,632	\$ (116,866)	\$ -	\$ 9,147,770

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS – Continuation

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2024 was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
Adminsitrative	\$ 204,761
Judicial	42,621
Public facilities	10,207
Public safety	267,387
Road and bridge	519,140
Public service	12,410
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,056,526

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description: Lamb County provides retirement and death benefits for all of its employees, except temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of several nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 and is available at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits Provided: The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County (employer), within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: At December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	83
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	90
Active employees	95

Contributions: The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 11.55% with a supplemental rate of 2.48% for the months of the accounting year in 2023 and 11.47% with a supplemental rate of 2.56% for the months of the accounting year in 2024. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is 7.0% for fiscal year 2024 as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Net Pension Liability: The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

The demographic assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

TCDRS system-wide economic assumptions:

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.5% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 7.5% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.7% per year for a career employee.

Employer-specific economic assumptions:

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth for funding calculations	3.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2024 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for the long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) (2)
		<u> </u>	, ()
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market		
	Index	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index		
Markets		5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index		
Markets		6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond		
	Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged		
•	Loan TR USD Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed		
	Securities Index (3)	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs		
•	Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net)		
	Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate		
•	Index (4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
1 2	Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI)		
	Funds of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%
•			Continued

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board Meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate: The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments.

The funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act are such that a depletion is not projected to occur.

Since the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. For GASB 68 this long-term assumed rate of return is net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60% which reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Changes in the Net Pension Liability / (Asset):

	T	Total Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	24,263,231	\$	23,411,829	\$	851,402
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		546,913		-		546,913
Interest on total pension liability (1)		1,834,825		-		1,834,825
Effect of plan changes (2)		-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		111,926		-		111,926
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		(62,896)		(62,896)		_
Benefit payments		(1,297,427)		(1,297,427)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(13,274)		13,274
Member contributions		-		276,830		(276,830)
Net investment income		-		2,567,754		(2,567,754)
Employer contributions		-		554,842		(554,842)
Other (3)				(17,074)		17,074
Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$	25,396,572	\$	25,420,584	\$	(24,012)

- (1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
- (2) No plan changes valued.
- (3) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.60%		Current Discount Rate 7.60%		1% Increase 8.60%	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	28,458,857 25,420,584	\$	25,396,572 25,420,584	\$	22,826,997 25,420,584
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$	3,038,273	\$	(24,012)	\$	(2,593,587)

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS financial report.

Pension Expense / (Income):

		January 1, 2023 to			
	December 31, 2023				
Service cost	\$	546,913			
Interest on total pension liability (1)		1,834,825			
Effect of plan changes		-			
Administrative expenses		13,274			
Member contributions		(276,830)			
Expected investment return net of investment expenses		(1,758,446)			
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources					
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses		31,569			
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs		(39,341)			
Recognition of investment gains or losses		(473,307)			
Other (2)		17,074			
Pension expense / (income)	\$	(104,269)			

- (1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
- (2) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources: As of September 30, 2024, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	98,633	\$	74,617
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		66,944
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		N/A		421,619

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2024	\$ (247,084)
2025	(58,227)
2026	510,099
2027	(161,860)
2028	-
Thereafter	_

Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in subsequent fiscal period.

NOTE 7 – INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Fund	Inter-fund Receivables		Inter-fund Payables	
General Fund	\$ 2,965,933	\$	-	
Special Revenue: Healthcare Center - County	-		177,746	
VCLG Grant	-		5,128	
Lamb County Leaf Grant	-		36,850	
Juvenile Probation - State Aid	-		1,477	
Proprietary Fund:				
Lamb County Hospital	 177,746		2,922,478	
	\$ 3,143,679	\$	3,143,679	

The primary purpose of inter-fund receivables and payables is the reimbursement to or from the General Fund for cash disbursements, as well as the cash funds being held by the County for the benefit of the Hospital.

NOTE 7 – INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS – Continuation

Fund	nter-fund ransfers In	Inter-fund Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$ 221,586	\$	241,336	
Special Revenue:				
Healthcare Center - County	-		1,326,935	
American Recovery Grant	-		170,465	
Road and Bridge - Precinct #1	-		52,775	
Road and Bridge - Precinct #2	-		3,326	
Road and Bridge - Precinct #3	-		3,101	
Road and Bridge - Precinct #4	-		3,677	
Grants	13,100		-	
HAVA Grants	-		1,325	
Juvenile Probation	241,336		-	
Debt Service	-		17	
Proprietary Fund:				
Lamb County Hospital	 1,326,935			
	\$ 1,802,957	\$	1,802,957	

The primary purpose for inter-fund transfers is to move revenues from the General Fund to finance various programs and operations in other funds as well as transferring the annual subsidy from the County to the Hospital.

NOTE 8 – CONCENTRATION OF TAXPAYERS

As of September 30, 2024, the following taxpayers accounted for a significant portion of the County's total tax levy.

Taxpayer Taxpayer A Taxpayer B	T., 1,, ,,,,,	т	S A	Percent of
<u> axpayer</u>	Industry	1	ax Amount	Total Levy
Taxpayer A	Utilities	\$	3,874,704	37.24 %
Taxpayer B	Dairy		739,000	7.10

NOTE 9 – SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The County has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for inmate management, monitoring, and tracking software. For the year ended September 30, 2024 liability payments amounted to \$6,166. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3.508% and a maturity date of July 29, 2029.

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The County has entered into multiple leases for road and other equipment. The interest rates range from 3.602% - 5.789%, with various maturity dates from the fiscal year ending September 30, 2027 to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2029.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	A	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
Leases	\$ 22,490	\$	487,112	\$	(89,575)	\$ 420,027	\$ 119,960
Subscription liability	29,296		-		-	29,296	5,462
Compensated absences	 93,599		272,497		(279,428)	 86,668	 86,668
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 145,385	\$	759,609	\$	(369,003)	\$ 535,991	\$ 212,090

The County incurred interest expense of \$21,635 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

The annual debt service requirement on long-term liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024 is as follows:

Years Ending			Le	ases			Subscripti	on Lia	bility	
September 30,	Total]	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2025	\$ 149,015	\$	119,960	\$	22,565	\$	5,462	\$	1,028	
2026	149,800		127,051		16,259		5,654		836	
2027	149,800		133,704		9,606		5,852		638	
2028	44,580		35,477		2,613		6,058		432	
2029	10,377		3,835		52		6,270		220	
	\$ 503,572	\$	420,027	\$	51,095	\$	29,296	\$	3,154	

NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS

During the year ended September 30, 2016, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to construct improvements consisting of a wind power facility with a minimum of 10 megawatts and a currently anticipated capacity of 30 megawatts of overall Turbine Nameplate Capacity. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County. In addition to the commitments for eligibility the Company has agreed to make payments in lieu of taxes annually in the amount of \$2,000 per megawatt of turbine nameplate capacity during the abatement period. This resulted in payments in lieu of taxes for the current year of \$60,000.

NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS – Continuation

During the year ended September 30, 2016, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to make certain improvements to be located on land within the reinvestment zone, with such improvements generally described as rehabilitation of existing structures, construction of new structures, and the installation of new equipment and infrastructure necessary to produce powdered milk and other dairy products. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County.

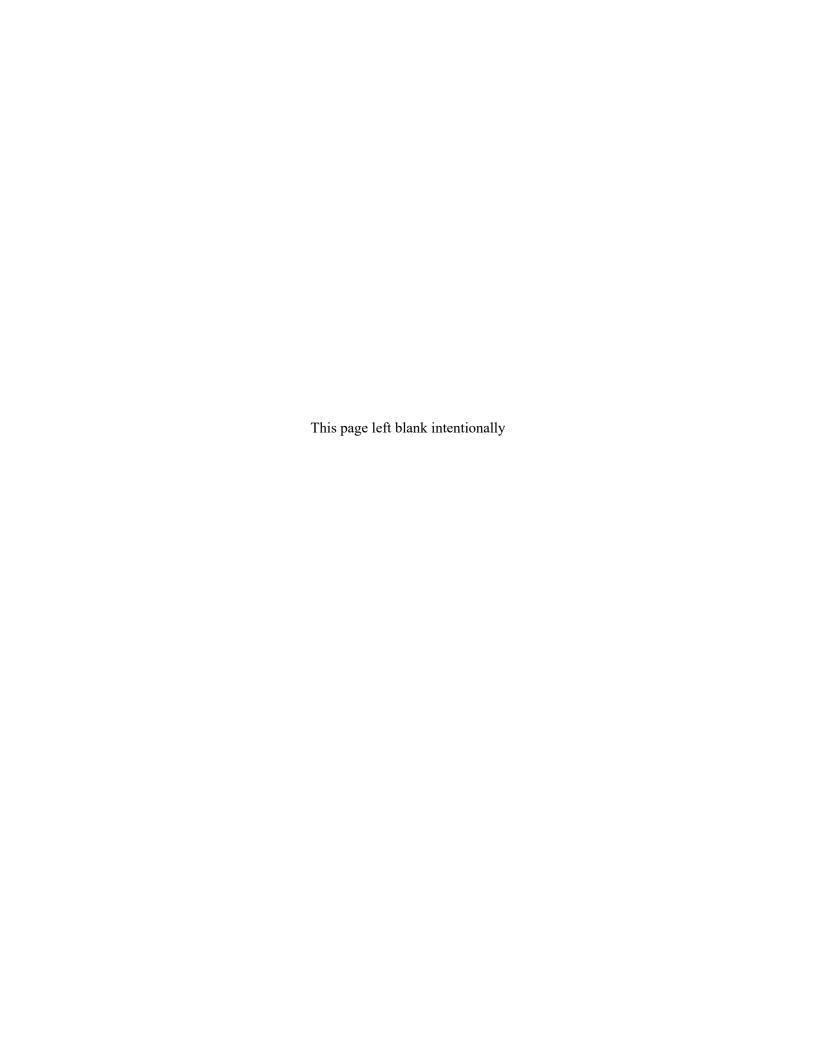
During the year ended September 30, 2019, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to construct a solar powered ground mounted electric generation facility capable of generating and transmitting approximately 500 megawatts of electricity, but in no event less than 300 megawatts of electricity. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County. As of September 30, 2024 the construction on this project has not been completed.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, Lamb County abated property taxes totaling \$875,349 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements:

- A 100 percent tax abatement to Blue Cloud Renewable Energy Project, LLC for eligible property in the reinvestment zone. The abatement amounted to \$136,349.
- A 50 percent tax abatement to Continental Dairy Facilities Southwest, LLC for eligible property in the reinvestment zone. The abatement amounted to \$739,000.

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County's major areas of risk management are: public officials', law enforcement, and automobile liability, general comprehensive liability and property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The County has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The County pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the previous three years.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 7,103,360	\$ 7,103,360	\$ 7,028,270	\$ (75,090)
Payments in lieu of taxes	60,000	60,000	60,000	-
Mixed beverage taxes	2,500	2,500	5,506	3,006
Licenses and fees	383,750	383,750	197,429	(186,321)
Fines and forfeitures	40,500	40,500	75,704	35,204
Intergovernmental	77,903	77,903	49,967	(27,936)
Investment earnings	140,000	140,000	229,897	89,897
Miscellaneous	114,500	114,500	298,898	184,398
Total revenues	7,922,513	7,922,513	7,945,671	23,158
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative				
County Judge	204,145	204,145	193,479	10,666
County Auditor	200,416	200,416	157,523	42,893
County Clerk	284,568	284,568	246,553	38,015
County Tax Assessor/Collector	259,418	259,418	250,425	8,993
County Treasurer	210,610	210,610	183,522	27,088
Non-departmental	889,001	866,847	793,731	73,116
Information services	220,126	220,126	211,832	8,294
Total administrative	2,268,284	2,246,130	2,037,065	209,065
Judicial				
District Judge	299,055	299,055	187,016	112,039
Justice of the Peace, #1	75,162	75,162	66,073	9,089
Justice of the Peace, #2	74,212	74,212	70,965	3,247
Justice of the Peace, #3	159,698	159,698	153,348	6,350
Justice of the Peace, #4	85,562	85,562	83,324	2,238
County Attorney	200,439	200,439	67,289	133,150
District Clerk	247,404	247,404	237,598	9,806
Total judicial	1,141,532	1,141,532	865,613	275,919
Public facilities				
Littlefield Library	167,322	167,322	143,883	23,439
Olton Library	174,760	174,760	142,579	32,181
Maintenance	208,447	215,347	214,303	1,044
Littlefield Ag Center	35,000	35,000	25,288	9,712
Olton Community Center	14,900	14,900	6,454	8,446
Total public facilities	600,429	607,329	532,507	74,822

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With		
Continuation	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety						
Sheriff's department	\$ 1,729,804	\$ 1,711,228	\$ 1,409,061	\$ 302,167		
Jail	1,090,896	1,088,196	1,077,202	10,994		
General public safety	335,000	348,000	347,146	854		
Total public safety	3,155,700	3,147,424	2,833,409	314,015		
Public service						
Vet & Welfare	93,530	93,530	88,248	5,282		
Adult probation department	3,800	3,800	1,829	1,971		
Ag Extension Office	121,463	123,717	121,558	2,159		
Total public service	218,793	221,047	211,635	9,412		
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	3,778	(3,778)		
Interest			753	(753)		
Total debt service			4,531	(4,531)		
Capital outlay	446,100	467,376	413,487	53,889		
Total expenditures	7,830,838	7,830,838	6,898,247	932,591		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	91,675	91,675	1,047,424	955,749		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Initiation of lease	-	-	43,012	43,012		
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,000	2,000	46,500	44,500		
Transfers in	-	-	221,586	221,586		
Transfers out	(353,976)	(353,976)	(241,336)	112,640		
Total other financing						
sources / (uses)	(351,976)	(351,976)	69,762	421,738		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(260,301)	(260,301)	1,117,186	1,377,487		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	2,522,239	2,522,239	2,522,239			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2,261,938	\$ 2,261,938	\$ 3,639,425	\$ 1,377,487		

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Years

				Year Ended	Dece	ember 31,		
		2023		2022		2021		2020
Total Pension Liability:							<u> </u>	
Service cost	\$	546,913	\$	580,910	\$	544,669	\$	529,219
Interest on total pension liability		1,834,825		1,783,222		1,700,207		1,678,657
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-		-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-		-		(118,021)		1,158,241
Effect of economic/demographic		444.05.5		(=0=004)		•=0 604		(=0.5.0.50)
(gains) or losses		111,926		(295,901)		278,684		(506,363)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	_	(1,360,323)		(1,350,356)		(1,348,630)		(1,110,884)
Net change in total pension liability		1,133,341		717,875		1,056,909		1,748,870
Total pension liability, beginning		24,263,232		23,545,357		22,488,448		20,739,578
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	25,396,573	\$	24,263,232	\$	23,545,357	\$	22,488,448
Fiduciary Net Position:								
Employer contributions	\$	554,842	\$	536,772	\$	593,416	\$	526,708
Member contributions		276,830		267,815		296,074		262,791
Investment income net of investment								
expenses		2,567,754		(1,446,761)		4,630,814		2,028,206
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(1,360,323)		(1,350,356)		(1,348,630)		(1,110,884)
Administrative expenses		(13,274)		(13,720)		(13,782)		(15,602)
Other		(17,074)		(55,551)		(7,135)		(7,565)
Net change in fiduciary net position		2,008,755		(2,061,801)		4,150,757		1,683,654
Fiduciary net position, beginning		23,411,830		25,473,631		21,322,874		19,639,220
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	25,420,585	\$	23,411,830	\$	25,473,631	\$	21,322,874
Not nongion lightlity / (agget)								
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	•	(24.012)	•	851,402	\$	(1,928,274)	\$	1,165,574
ending $-(a) - (b)$	Φ	(24,012)	\$	631,402	Ф	(1,928,274)	Ф	1,105,574
Fiduciary net position as a % of								
total pension liability		100.09%		96.49%		108.19%		94.82%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	3,954,714	\$	3,825,932	\$	4,229,632	\$	3,754,159
Net pension liability as a % of								
covered payroll		-0.61%		22.25%		-45.59%		31.05%

Year Ended December 31,

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
					_						
\$	481,854	\$	488,595	\$	522,204	\$	508,187	\$	457,052	\$	485,206
	1,611,324		1,510,877		1,411,619		1,330,784		1,271,258		1,202,686
	-		72,232		113,871		-		(54,066)		_
	-		-		113,8/1		-		186,976		-
	(223,296)		138,640		95,217		(242,491)		(223,636)		(86,320)
	(1,061,998)		(868,794)		(898,431)		(845,743)		(878,811)		(736,690)
	807,884		1,341,550		1,244,480		750,737		758,773		864,882
	19,931,694		18,590,144		17,345,664		16,594,927		15,836,154		14,971,272
\$	20,739,578	\$	19,931,694	\$	18,590,144	\$	17,345,664	\$	16,594,927	\$	15,836,154
\$	503,757	\$	541,812	\$	462,119	\$	455,608	\$	443,804	\$	428,314
	277,444		256,031		256,327		254,410		247,222		240,242
	2,813,159		(327,584)		2,256,501		1,084,504		47,906		952,041
	(1,061,998)		(868,794)		(898,431)		(845,743)		(878,811)		(736,690)
	(14,966)		(13,758)		(11,666)		(11,793)		(10,584)		(11,010)
	(6,877)		(352)		(2,522)		(115,591)		54,941		50,543
	2,510,519		(412,645)		2,062,328		821,395		(95,522)		923,440
	17,128,701		17,541,346		15,479,018		14,657,623		14,753,145		13,829,705
	17,120,701		17,5 11,5 10		15,175,010		11,007,025	_	11,700,110		13,023,703
\$	19,639,220	\$	17,128,701	\$	17,541,346	\$	15,479,018	\$	14,657,623	\$	14,753,145
\$	1,100,358	\$	2,802,993	\$	1,048,798	\$	1,866,646	\$	1,937,304	\$	1,083,009
	,) -))- 232)) ·)- - ·	-) -
	04.600/		0.5.0.40/		04260/		00.240/		00.220/		02.160/
Φ	94.69%	Φ	85.94%	Φ	94.36%	Φ	89.24%	Φ	88.33%	Φ	93.16%
\$	3,963,488	\$	3,657,581	\$	3,661,813	\$	3,618,804	\$	3,531,748	\$	3,432,025
	27.76%		76.64%		28.64%		51.58%		54.85%		31.56%

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	A	ctuarially		Actual	C	ontribution	P	ensionable	Actual Contribution
Year Ending	Determined		E	Employer	Ι	Deficiency		Covered	as a % of Covered
September 30:	Contribution		Contribution			(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
2015	\$	450,853	\$	450,853	\$	-	\$	3,612,621	12.5%
2016		452,144		452,144		-		3,567,716	12.7%
2017		467,343		467,343		-		3,703,196	12.6%
2018		456,961		456,961		-		3,620,927	12.6%
2019		481,962		481,962		-		3,798,154	12.7%
2020		516,887		516,887		-		3,751,138	13.8%
2021		490,861		523,249		(32,388)		3,729,503	14.0%
2022		539,257		601,379		(62,122)		4,286,379	14.0%
2023		456,847		543,617		(86,770)		3,874,677	14.0%
2024		475,038		579,957		(104,919)		4,133,695	14.0%

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates (Dec. 31, 2021 valuation for 2023 contributions):

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 8.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of adminstrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service

retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the

PUB-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of

the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and

Methods Reflected in the Schedule

of Employer Contributions *

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected

in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions *

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after

2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: Employer contributions reflect that a 1% flat COLA was adopted.

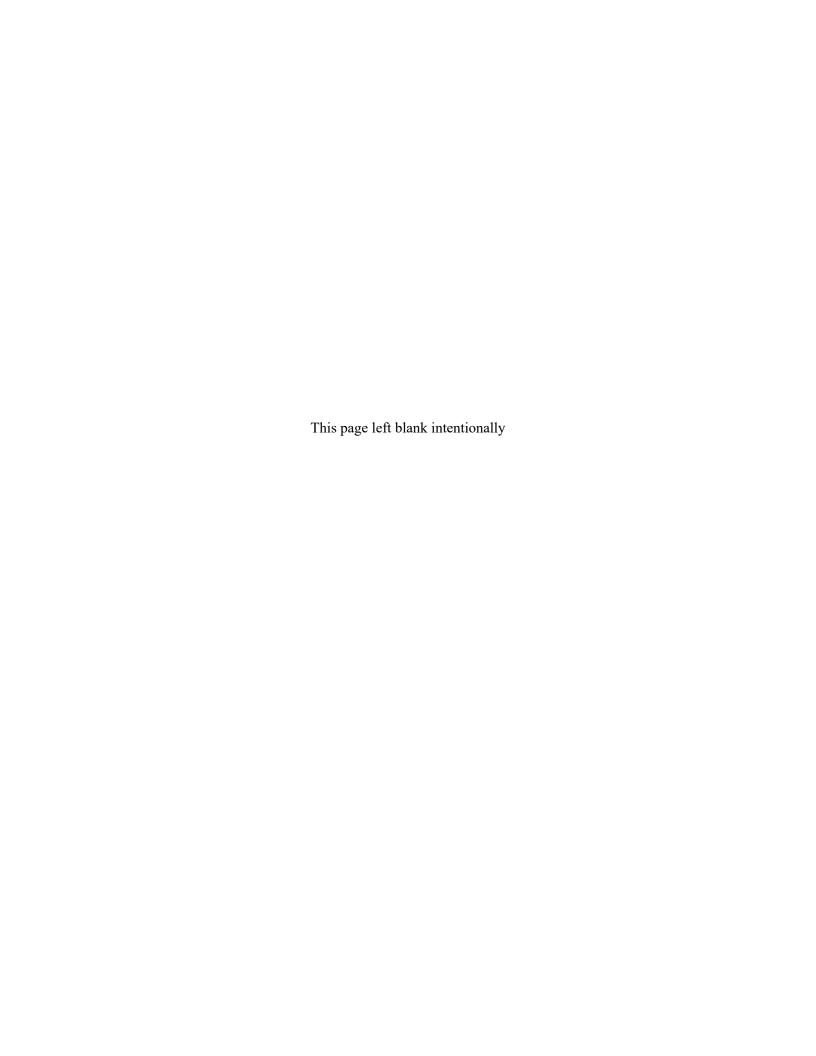
2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that effect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Road and Bridge Precincts – The Road and Bridge Precinct Funds accounts for the revenues derived from property taxes and license fees levied for purposes of road and bridge expenditures.

Bail Bond Board – The Bail Bond Board Fund accounts for the resources used to supervise and regulate each phase of the bonding process in Lamb County pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 1704, Texas Occupation Code.

Jury – The Jury Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for juries at a County Court. This constitutional fund is financed by a designated part of the annual property tax levy.

Grants/Library Grants – The various grant funds account for the receipt and expenditure of grant and donation funds. The funds are restricted to the various purposes as designated by each granting authority or individual donor.

Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection – The Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection Fund accounts for statutory fees collected by the District Clerk at the time a suit for dissolution of marriage is filed. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended for family violence and child abuse prevention, intervention, strengthening, mental health, counseling, legal and marriage preservation services to families that are at risk of experiencing or that have experienced family violence or the abuse or neglect of a child.

Courthouse Security – The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for fees collected by the County and District Clerks from all defendants convicted of an offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to fund and support security systems and personnel within the District or County.

Records Preservation – The Records Preservation Funds account for fees collected by the County and District Clerks after the filing and recording of a document in the records offices of the Clerks. The fees are dedicated by law to be used for specific records management and preservation purposes in the County.

County and District Court Technology – The County and District Court Technology fund accounts for fees collected from all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the costs of continuing education for county and district judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for justice courts and the costs of those enhancements.

JP Technology – The JP Technology Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Clerk from all defendants convicted of a misdemeanor offense in a Justice Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the costs of continuing education for justice court judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for justice courts and the costs of those enhancements.

JP Security – The JP Security Fund accounts for fees collected by the County and District Clerks from all defendants convicted of an offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to fund and support security systems and personnel within the Justice Courts.

County Clerk Election Administration – The County Clerk Election Administration Fund accounts for fees and expenditures incurred by the County to update and maintain the election equipment and supplies.

County and District Clerk Records Archive – The County Clerk and District Clerk Records Archive Funds account for fees collected by both the County and District Clerks for the recording or filing of public documents. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the County and District Clerk's records archive.

HAVA Grants – The HAVA Grants Fund accounts for grants received from the Help Americans Vote Act. The revenues are to be used to pay only those expenses related to elections.

VCLG Grant – The VCLG Grant Fund accounts for grants funds received to operate a Victim Coordinator and Liaison program. The funds are restricted for the purpose of the prosecutor's office fulfilling the duties imposed in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedures, Article 56.02, as well as promoting and educating the community and other professionals about victim rights and services in an effort to identify crime victims and provide or refer them to needed services.

Pretrial Diversion – The Pretrial Diversion Fund accounts for fees charged to any defendant willing to participate in a pretrial intervention program. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to administer and maintain the pretrial diversion programs.

DWI Video – The DWI Video Fund accounts for fees charged to any defendant appearing on a drug or alcohol related offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used administer and maintain a drug and alcohol driving awareness program.

County Attorney Drug Forfeiture – The County Attorney Drug Forfeiture Fund accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized by law enforcement officers. The funds are dedicated by law to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

County Attorney Hot Check Fee – The County Attorney Hot Check Fee Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Attorney for every hot check processed through his office. The fees are dedicated by law to be used at the sole discretion of the County Attorney to defray the salaries and expenses of the prosecutor's office.

Sheriff Commissary – The Sheriff Commissary Fund accounts for the proceeds received by the Sheriff's office from incarcerated persons on the sale of commissary items. The funds are restricted by law to be used to maintain the commissary and for the benefit of the Sheriff's Department.

Sheriff Forfeiture – **State** – The Sheriff Forfeiture – State Fund accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized by the office of the County Sheriff. The funds are dedicated by law to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

County Libraries – The County Library Funds accounts for funds received from fees from operations of the libraries. The fees are committed by the Commissioners' Court to be retained and used for continued operations of the libraries in Littlefield and Olton.

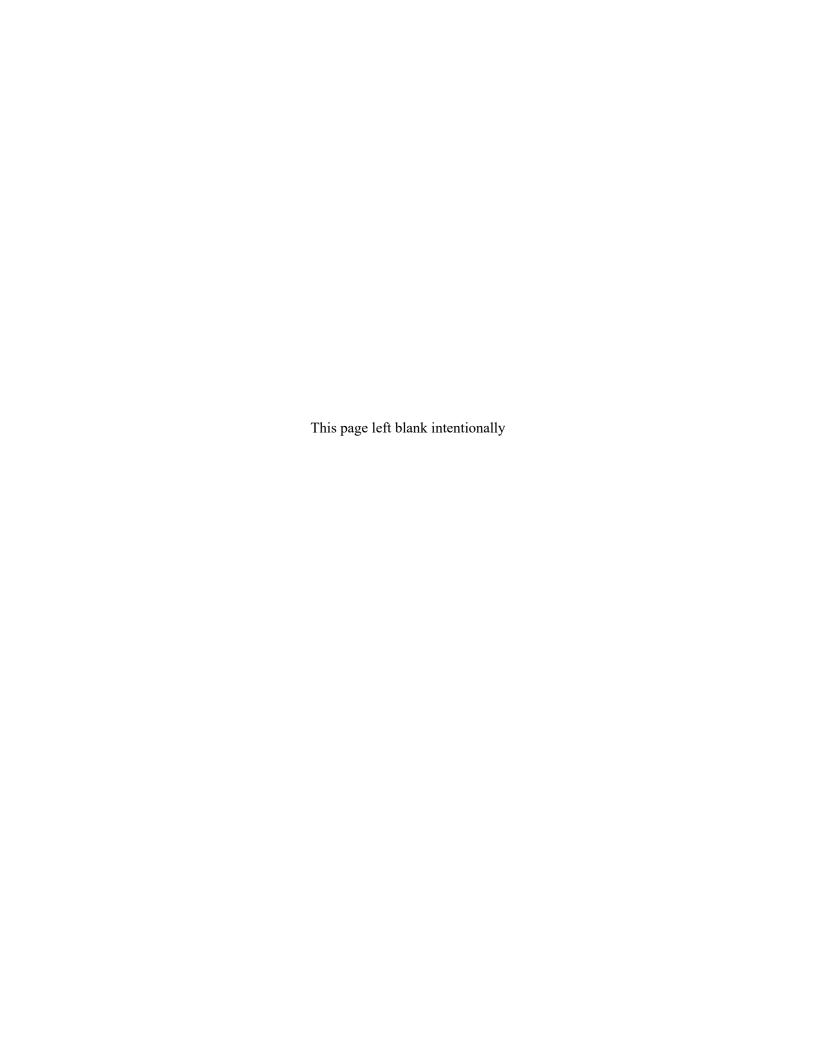
Juvenile Probation/Title IV-E – The Juvenile Probation and Title IV-E Funds account for grants received from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission for providing juvenile probation services.

Lamb County Leaf Grant – The Lamb County Leaf Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Llano Estacado Alliance for Families. The funds are restricted by the grantors to promote and provide a community and cultural framework of hope, with the goal of enabling children to make healthy choices through the education of parents, youth, and the general population about the risks of substance abuse and the benefits of good health.

Prosecutor Fee – The Prosecutor Fee Funds accounts for court costs assessed upon the conviction of any misdemeanor or any "gambling offense" tried by the County or District Attorney. The fees are dedicated by law to reimburse the prosecutor's office for the costs of trying such cases.

Sheriff LEOSE Education – The Sheriff LEOSE Education Funds accounts for funds received from the State of Texas on behalf of the Sheriff. The funds are dedicated by law for use of continuing education of law enforcement personnel.

Court Facility – The Court Facility Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only to fund the construction, renovation, or improvement of facilities that house the courts or pay the principal of, interest on, and costs of issuance of bonds, including refunding bonds, issued for the construction, renovation, or improvement of the facilities.



Law Library – The Law Library fund accounts for statutory fees collected in civil cases filed in County and District Courts. These fees are dedicated by law to provide and maintain a County law Library.

Court Reporter – The Court Reporter Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to maintain a court reporter who is available for assignment in the court.

Court Guardianship – The Court Guardianship Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to supplement other available funds to pay the compensation of a guardian ad litem appointed by the Court, pay the compensation of an attorney ad litem appointed by the court, and fund local guardianship programs that provide guardians for indigent incapacitated persons.

Judicial Education and Support – The Judicial Education and Support Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to pay the continuing education of the judge and staff of the probate court or pay the county's contribution to fund the compensation for the presiding judge of the statutory probate court.

Justice of the Peace/County and District Clerk Fees – The various fee funds account for fees assessed upon conviction in the justice courts as well as civil filing fees. The fees are dedicated by law to support the costs of maintaining the offices.

SB22 Grants – The SB22 Grant Funds account for funds received from the State of Texas. The grants are to be used to increase salaries of law enforcement and prosecutor positions as well as funding the purchase of equipment for the benefit of the offices.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation and disbursement of resources associated with the County's debt obligations. Property taxes and interest income provide the resources necessary to pay the annual principal and interest payments.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Sı	pecial	Revenue
--	----	--------	---------

	and Bridge - ecinct #1	l and Bridge - recinct #2	l and Bridge - recinct #3	l and Bridge - recinct #4
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,835	\$ 477,455	\$ 328,632	\$ 397,981
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	 3,458	3,839	3,658	3,649
Total assets	\$ 56,293	\$ 481,294	\$ 332,290	\$ 401,630
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 36,486	\$ 30,296	\$ 19,200	\$ 27,261
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	 1,124	18		
Total liabilities	37,610	 30,314	19,200	27,261
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	3,458	3,839	3,658	3,649
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	_	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	 15,225	 447,141	 309,432	 370,720
Total fund balances	 18,683	 450,980	 313,090	 374,369
Total liabilities and fund				
balances	\$ 56,293	\$ 481,294	\$ 332,290	\$ 401,630

Special Revenue

Bail Bond Board		 Jury	G	Srants	Prev I	ld Abuse ention and Family otection	ourthouse Security	Commissioners' Court Records Preservation		
\$	11,200	\$ 19,130	\$	-	\$	6,940 -	\$ 28,688	\$	1,999	
				-						
\$	11,200	\$ 19,130	\$	-	\$	6,940	\$ 28,688	\$	1,999	
\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	
	-			-		-				
				-			-		-	
	-	-		-		-	-		-	
	-	19,130		- -		6,940 -	28,688		1,999 -	
	11,200			-			 			
	11,200	19,130		-		6,940	28,688		1,999	
\$	11,200	\$ 19,130	\$	-	\$	6,940	\$ 28,688	\$	1,999	

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation	Special Revenue										
	County Clerk Records Preservation		District Clerk Records Preservation		County and District Technology		Techi	ict Courts nology and rchive			
ASSETS	¢.	69,749	ø	7 (75	¢.	4.020	Φ.	0.410			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	332	\$	7,675	\$	4,828	\$	8,418			
Accounts receivable, net Prepaid expenses				-		-		-			
r repaid expenses							-				
Total assets	\$	70,081	\$	7,675	\$	4,828	\$	8,418			
LIABILITIES	Ф	0.41	Ф		Ф		Ф				
Accounts payable	\$	941	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-			
Accrued liabilities											
Total liabilities		941									
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-			
Restricted:											
By enabling legislation		69,140		7,675		4,828		8,418			
Debt service		-		-		-		-			
Committed for:											
Special projects		-									
Total fund balances		69,140	7,675		4,828			8,418			
Total liabilities and fund											
balances	\$	70,081	\$	7,675	\$	4,828	\$	8,418			

Special Revenue

JP Technology		JP Security		County Clerk Election Administration		County Clerk Records Archive		County Clerk Fees		HAVA Grants	
\$	4,974	\$	7,978	\$	119	\$	108,558	\$	8,264	\$	-
	-		-		-		- -		-		-
\$	4,974	\$	7,978	\$	119	\$	108,558	\$	8,264	\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	- -		-		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		-
	-		-		-		-				-
	4,974 -		7,978 -		119		108,558		8,264		-
	4,974		7,978		119		108,558		8,264		
\$	4,974	\$	7,978	\$	119	\$	108,558	\$	8,264	\$	-

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation	Special Revenue										
AGGETTG	Dis	trict Clerk Fees	VCLG Grant			Pre-trial viversion	DWI Video				
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,519	\$	_	\$	71,112	\$	4,726			
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	-	Ψ	6,789	Ψ	-	Ψ	-,720			
Prepaid expenses		<u> </u>		-		71,112					
Total assets	\$	11,519	\$	6,789	\$		\$	4,726			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,561	\$	1,186	\$	-			
Due to other funds		-		5,128		-		-			
Accrued liabilities				-	-						
Total liabilities				6,689		1,186					
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-			
Restricted:											
By enabling legislation		11,519		100		69,926		4,726			
Debt service		-		-		-		-			
Committed for:											
Special projects		-		-							
Total fund balances		11,519		100		69,926		4,726			
Total liabilities and fund											
balances	\$	11,519	\$	6,789	\$	71,112	\$	4,726			

Special Revenue

County Attorney Drug Forfeiture		County Attorney Hot Check Fee		Sheriff Commissary		Sheriff Forefiture - State		County Library - Littlefield		County Library - Olton	
\$	33,311	\$	5,785	\$	103,876	\$	57,972	\$	15,718	\$	268
	-		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
\$	33,311	\$	5,785	\$	103,876	\$	57,972	\$	15,718	\$	268
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-				-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	33,311		5,785		103,876		57,972		-		-
									15,718		268
	33,311		5,785		103,876		57,972		15,718		268
\$	33,311	\$	5,785	\$	103,876	\$	57,972	\$	15,718	\$	268

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation	Special Revenue										
		uvenile obation	Title IV-E		Lamb County Leaf Grant		Juvenile Probation - State Aid				
ASSETS Cook and cook againstants	\$	0.062	\$	2	\$	_	\$				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	Ф	9,963	Ф	2	Ф	44,556	Ф	- 16,571			
Prepaid expenses		_		-		-		10,3/1			
1 repaid expenses											
Total assets	\$	9,963	\$	2	\$	44,556	\$	16,571			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	9,963	\$	-	\$	7,706	\$	12,851			
Due to other funds		-		-		36,850		1,477			
Accrued liabilities											
Total liabilities		9,963				44,556		14,328			
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-			
Restricted:											
By enabling legislation		-		2		-		2,243			
Debt service		-		-		-		-			
Committed for:											
Special projects											
Total fund balances		-		2				2,243			
Total liabilities and fund											
balances	\$	9,963	\$	2	\$	44,556	\$	16,571			

Special Revenue

Prosecutor Fee		Sheriff LEOSE Education		Court Facility		Law Library		Court Reporter		Court Guardianship		
\$	1,302	\$	11,061	\$	7,120	\$	6,680	\$	9,230	\$	4,050	
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>	
\$	1,302	\$	11,061	\$	7,120	\$	6,680	\$	9,230	\$	4,050	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		- -		<u>-</u>	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	1,302		11,061		7,120		6,680		9,230		4,050	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
			-				-				-	
	1,302		11,061		7,120		6,680		9,230		4,050	
\$	1,302	\$	11,061	\$	7,120	\$	6,680	\$	9,230	\$	4,050	

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Continuation	Special Revenue										
	Educ	dicial ation and pport	Peace	ice of the - Precinct 1 Fees		tice of the - Precinct 2 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 3 Fees				
ASSETS Cook and cook againstants	\$	550	\$	2,696	\$	1,475	\$	4,889			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	Ф	330	Ф	2,090	Ф	1,4/3	Ф	4,009			
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-			
Total assets	\$	550	\$	2,696	\$	1,475	\$	4,889			
LIABILITIES	Ф		Φ.		Ф		Ф				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Due to other funds Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-			
Accrued habilities		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Total liabilities						-		<u>-</u>			
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-			
Restricted:											
By enabling legislation		550		2,696		1,475		4,889			
Debt service		-		-		-		-			
Committed for:											
Special projects											
Total fund balances		550		2,696		1,475		4,889			
Total liabilities and fund											
balances	\$	550	\$	2,696	\$	1,475	\$	4,889			

Special Revenue

Justice of the Peace - Precinct 4 Fees		County Attorney SB22 Grant		Sheriff SB22 Grant		Total		Debt Service		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	2,275	\$	147,662 -	\$	54,966 -	\$ 2,113,631 68,248	\$	5 -	\$	2,113,636 68,248		
			-			14,604		-		14,604		
\$	2,275	\$	147,662	\$	54,966	\$ 2,196,483	\$	5	\$	2,196,488		
\$	-	\$	1,225	\$	54,966	\$ 203,642	\$	-	\$	203,642		
	-		-		-	43,455		-		43,455		
						 1,142				1,142		
			1,225		54,966	248,239				248,239		
	-		-		-	14,604		-		14,604		
	2,275		146,437		_	763,936		_		763,936		
	-		-		-	-		5		5		
						1,169,704				1,169,704		
	2,275		146,437			1,948,244		5		1,948,249		
\$	2,275	\$	147,662	\$	54,966	\$ 2,196,483	\$	5	\$	2,196,488		

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Special Revenue

	Road and Bridge - Precinct #1	Road and Bridge - Precinct #2	Road and Bridge - Precinct #3	Road and Bridge - Precinct #4	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 447,626	\$ 447,627	\$ 447,627	\$ 447,627	
Licenses and fees	128,713	128,713	128,713	128,713	
Fines and forfeitures	181	181	181	181	
Intergovernmental	33,975	33,975	33,975	33,975	
Interest	6,260	27,802	19,930	26,280	
Miscellaneous			2,638	25,000	
Total revenues	616,755	638,298	633,064	661,776	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administrative	-	-	-	-	
Judicial	-	-	-	-	
Public facilities	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Road and bridge	448,704	465,011	373,496	478,282	
Public service	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal	85,797	-	-	-	
Interest	11,494	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	225,300	218,800	220,000	136,900	
Total expenditures	771,295	683,811	593,496	615,182	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(154,540)	(45,513)	39,568	46,594	
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES / (USES)					
Initiation of capital lease	225,300	218,800	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	-	132,000	-	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(52,775)	(3,326)	(3,101)	(3,677)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOUCES / (USES)	172,525	215,474	128,899	(3,677)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	17,985	169,961	168,467	42,917	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING					
(DEFICIT)	698	281,019	144,623	331,452	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 18,683	\$ 450,980	\$ 313,090	\$ 374,369	

Bail Bond Board		Jury		Grants		Preve Fa	d Abuse ntion and amily stection		urthouse ecurity	Commissioners' Court Records Preservation	
		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -	
	3,000		1,201		-		-		4,950		587
	-		4,106		151,551		-		-		-
	482		1,665		-		-		1,446 -		172 -
	3,482		6,972		151,551		-		6,396		759
	-		- 17,120		<u>-</u>		-		-		- 2,256
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
			17,120								2,256
	3,482		(10,148)		151,551		-		6,396		(1,497
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		13,100		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>						<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-
					13,100		_				-
	3,482		(10,148)		164,651		-		6,396		(1,497
	7,718		29,278		(164,651)		6,940		22,292		3,496
	11,200	\$	19,130	\$	-	\$	6,940	\$	28,688	\$	1,999

Continuation		Special	Revenue	
	County Clerk Records Preservation	District Clerk Records Preservation	County and District Technology	District Courts Technology and Archive
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	21,577	2,870	95	129
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest	3,440	343	266	471
Miscellaneous	3,102			
Total revenues	28,119	3,213	361	600
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	20,219	-	-	-
Judicial	-	447	-	548
Public facilities	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Public service	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	20,219	447		548
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,900	2,766	361	52
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES / (USES)				
Initiation of capital lease	-	-	=	-
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	-	-	-
Transfers in Transfers out	- 	<u>-</u>	- 	<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOUCES / (USES)		<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	7,900	2,766	361	52
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	61,240	4,909	4,467	8,366
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 69,140	\$ 7,675	\$ 4,828	\$ 8,418
· -		- ,		-, -

JP Technology		JP Security		Ele	County Clerk Election Administration		nty Clerk	nty Clerk Fees	HAVA Grants		
\$	- 1,984 -	\$	- 589 -	\$	- - -	\$	- 19,377 -	\$ - 2,688 -	\$	- - -	
	- 211 -		423		- 6 -		5,408 -	 - 477 -		- 7 -	
	2,195		1,012		6		24,785	 3,165		7	
	-		-		- -		-	1,622		- -	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		- -		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	- -		<u>-</u> -		- -		- -	- -		<u>-</u> -	
	-		-		<u>-</u>			1,622		-	
	2,195		1,012		6		24,785	1,543		7	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	- -		- -		- -		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-	 		(1,325)	
										(1,325)	
	2,195		1,012		6		24,785	1,543		(1,318)	
	2,779		6,966		113		83,773	6,721		1,318	
\$	4,974	\$	7,978	\$	119	\$	108,558	\$ 8,264	\$	-	
	·						·			Continued	

Continuation	Special Revenue

	District Clerk Fees	VCLG Grant	Pre-trial Diversion	DWI Video
REVENUES	rees	VCLG Grant	Diversion	DWI VIGEO
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	4,020	_	3,645	30
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Intergovernmental	-	42,036	-	-
Interest	599	-	4,343	260
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues	4,619	42,036	7,988	290
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	_	_	_	_
Judicial	1,594	_	17,105	_
Public facilities	-	-	-	_
Public safety	-	41,559	<u>-</u>	-
Road and bridge	_	-	_	_
Public service	_	_	_	_
Debt service:				
Principal	_	_	_	_
Interest	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	1,594	41,559	17,105	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,025	477	(9,117)	290
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES / (USES)				
Initiation of capital lease	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOUCES / (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,025	477	(9,117)	290
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING				
(DEFICIT)	8,494	(377)	79,043	4,436
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 11,519	\$ 100	\$ 69,926	\$ 4,726

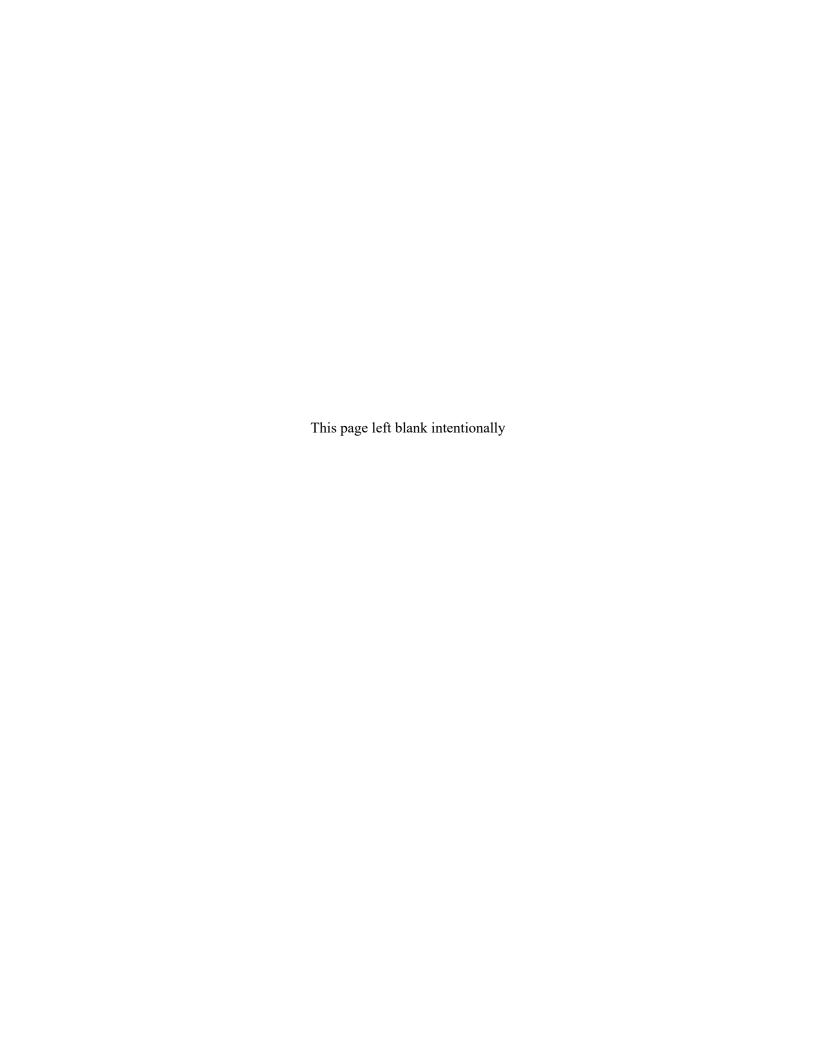
County Attorney Drug Forfeiture	County Attorney Hot Check Fee	Sheriff Commissary	Sheriff Forefiture - State	County Library - Littlefield	County Library - Olton	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	544	21,898	-	3,350	146	
18,718	- -	- -	-	-	- -	
1,787	282	4,764	3,210	830	39	
<u>-</u>				4,207		
20,505	826	26,662	3,210	8,387	185	
18,567	- -	- -	-	-	- -	
-	-	-	-	6,163	1,251	
-	-	1,496	10,765	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
18,567		1,496	10,765	6,163	1,251	
1,938	826	25,166	(7,555)	2,224	(1,066)	
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			<u> </u>	
1,938	826	25,166	(7,555)	2,224	(1,066)	
31,373	4,959	78,710	65,527	13,494	1,334	
\$ 33,311	\$ 5,785	\$ 103,876	\$ 57,972	\$ 15,718	\$ 268	
					Continued	

Continuation		Special	Revenue			
	venile obation	Title IV-E		County Grant		uvenile ation - State Aid
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and fees	3,165	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	12,570	-		149,209		191,857
Interest	-	172		-		-
Miscellaneous	 -	 				-
Total revenues	 15,735	172		149,209		191,857
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administrative	_	_		_		_
Judicial	_	_		_		_
Public facilities	_	_		149,209		_
Public safety	_	_		-		_
Road and bridge	_	_		_		_
Public service	257,071	11,218		_		185,389
Debt service:	257,071	11,210				105,505
Principal	_	_		_		_
Interest	_	_		_		_
Capital outlay	-	-		-		_
Total expenditures	257,071	11,218		149,209		185,389
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(241,336)	(11,046)		-		6,468
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)						
Initiation of capital lease	-	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-	-		-		-
Transfers in Transfers out	241,336	=		-		=
Transfers out		 	-		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOUCES / (USES)	 241,336					-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(11,046)		-		6,468
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	_	11,048				(4,225)
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 	\$ 2	\$		\$	2,243

Prose	cutor Fee	Sheriff LEOSE Education		Cour	t Facility	Law	Library	Cour	t Reporter	Court Guardianship		
\$	- 404	\$	-	\$	- 2,280	\$	- 3,990	\$	- 2,910	\$	- 1,110	
	-		- -		-		3,990 -		2,910		-	
	-		5,093		-		-		-		-	
	62		659 -		-		-		-		-	
					2 200		2 000		2.010		1 110	
	466		5,752		2,280		3,990		2,910		1,110	
	-		-		-		-		_		-	
	-		-		-		3,169		-		-	
	-		10,413		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
			10.412				2.160					
			10,413				3,169					
	466		(4,661)		2,280		821		2,910		1,110	
	-		-		-		-		-		_	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		- -		-		-		-		-	
	-								-1			
	466		(4,661)		2,280		821		2,910		1,110	
	836		15,722		4,840		5,859		6,320		2,940	
\$	1,302	\$	11,061	\$	7,120	\$	6,680	\$	9,230	\$	4,050	
											Continued	

Continuation	Special Revenue									
	Educ	idicial ation and ipport	Peace	ice of the - Precinct 1 Fees	Peace -	ice of the - Precinct 2 Fees	Peace	ice of the - Precinct 3 Fees		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	105	\$	1 501	\$	450	\$	- 0.105		
Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures		185		1,521		450		2,125		
		=		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental Interest		-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-		_		-		-		
Miscendicous										
Total revenues		185		1,521		450		2,125		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Administrative		-		-		-		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		486		
Public facilities		=		-		-		-		
Public safety		=		-		-		-		
Road and bridge		-		-		-		-		
Public service		-		-		-		-		
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		-		
Interest		-		_		-		-		
Capital outlay		-						-		
Total expenditures								486		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		185		1,521		450		1,639		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)										
Initiation of capital lease		_		_		_		_		
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Transfers out										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOUCES / (USES)		-								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		185		1,521		450		1,639		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)		365		1,175		1,025		3,250		
•	_		_		_		_			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	550	\$	2,696	\$	1,475	\$	4,889		

tice of the - Precinct 4 Fees	County Attorney SB22 Grant		Sheriff SB22 Grant T		Total	Debt Service		al Non-Major overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$ _	\$	-	\$	1,790,507	\$	22	\$ 1,790,529
975	-		-		626,647		-	626,647
-	-		-		19,442		-	19,442
-	175,000		350,000		1,217,322		-	1,217,322
-	4,353		3,517		119,966		-	119,966
-	 				34,947		-	 34,947
 975	 179,353		353,517		3,808,831		22	 3,808,853
-	_		_		21,841		-	21,841
-	32,916		-		94,208		-	94,208
-	-		-		156,623		-	156,623
-	-		353,517		417,750		-	417,750
-	-		-		1,765,493		-	1,765,493
-	-		-		453,678		-	453,678
-	_		-		85,797		-	85,797
-	=		-		11,494		=	11,494
 	 				801,000			801,000
 	 32,916		353,517		3,807,884			3,807,884
975	146,437		-		947		22	969
_	_		_		444,100		_	444,100
_	_		_		132,000		_	132,000
_	_		_		254,436		_	254,436
	 		<u> </u>		(64,204)		(17)	(64,221)
					766 222		(17)	766 215
	 				766,332		(17)	766,315
975	146,437		-		767,279		5	767,284
 1,300	 				1,180,965		-	1,180,965
\$ 2,275	\$ 146,437	\$		\$	1,948,244	\$	5	\$ 1,948,249



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The Custodial Funds account for assets received in the capacity of trustee or agent for the County, other governmental entity or individual.

District Clerk – The District Clerk's Fund accounts for registry funds held by the District Clerk.

County Clerk – The County Clerk's Fund accounts for registry funds held by the County Clerk.

Tax Assessor Collector – The Tax Assessor Collector's Fund accounts for money collected by the Tax Assessor Collector and remitted to the State of Texas.

County Treasurer – The County Treasurer Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of the County Cafeteria Plan. Additionally, the fund is holding and accounting for cash bonds held for defendants in the County.

County Attorney – The County Attorney's Fund accounts for the payments of restitution and fees associated with the collection of hot checks within the County limits.

Justices of the Peace – The Justices of the Peace Funds accounts for funds collected by the Justices of the Peace and remitted to various agencies.

County Sheriff – The Sheriff Fund accounts for funds donated to the Sheriff's Department to purchase and distribute toys for needy or neglected children.

Sheriff Inmate Trust – The Sheriff's Inmate Trust Fund accounts for monies an inmate has access to but not physical control of during their confinement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

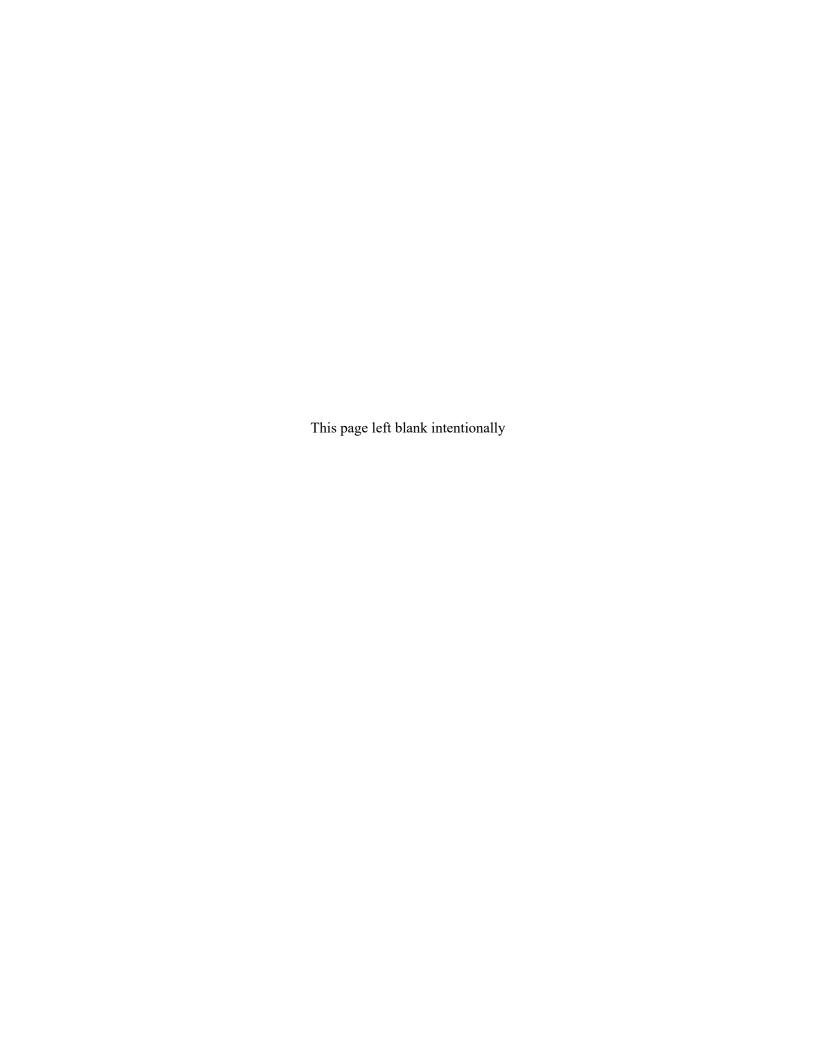
					Tax		
	District	(County	A	ssessor	(County
	 Clerk		Clerk	Collector		Treasurer	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 750,388	\$	34,344	\$	4,930	\$	62,670
Total assets	750,388		34,344		4,930		62,670
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	6,333		15,949		-		-
Due to other governments	 				4,930		
Total liabilities	 6,333		15,949		4,930		
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals	 744,055		18,395		-		62,670
Total net position	\$ 744,055	\$	18,395	\$	-	\$	62,670

County Attorne		Justices of the Peace		County Sheriff		nmate ust Funds	Total		
\$ 3,4	114 5	510	\$	12,310	\$	20,865	\$	889,431	
3,4	14	510		12,310		20,865		889,431	
-	-	-		-		-		22,282	
-		-	_					4,930	
		-						27,212	
3,4	114	510		12,310		20,865		862,219	
\$ 3,4	14 5	510	\$	12,310	\$	20,865	\$	862,219	

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Tax					
	District Clerk		County Clerk		Assessor Collector		County Treasurer	
Additions								
Tax collections	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,199,361	\$	-
Trust/Escrow contributions		794,789		62,843		-		72,873
Inmate accounts		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		3,212				7,836		1,368
Total additions		798,001		62,843		3,207,197		74,241
Deductions								
Payments to local governments		-		-		3,208,180		-
Trust/Escrow disbursements		225,496		60,587		-		72,074
Inmate accounts								
Total deductions		225,496		60,587		3,208,180		72,074
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION		572,505		2,256		(983)		2,167
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		171,550		16,139		983		60,503
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	744,055	\$	18,395	\$		\$	62,670

County Attorney		Justices of the Peace		County Sheriff		Inmate Trust Funds		Total
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,199,361
14,363		152,568		2,619		- 01 (01		1,100,055
-		433		- 693		91,681		91,681 13,542
 		433		093				13,342
14,363		153,001		3,312		91,681		4,404,639
		·						
-		-		_		-		3,208,180
27,288		154,623		7,741		-		547,809
-		-		-		89,915		89,915
27,288		154,623		7,741		89,915		3,845,904
(12,925)		(1,622)		(4,429)		1,766		558,735
16,339		2,132		16,739		19,099		303,484
\$ 3,414	\$	510	\$	12,310	\$	20,865	\$	862,219



PART II COMPLIANCE

To The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund with its budgetary comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2025. Our report incudes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Lamb County Hospital, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lamb County, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

Lamb County, Texas Page 2

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

Amarillo, Texas June 20, 2025



To The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY CORONAVIRUS STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS PROGRAM (CSLFRF) REQUIREMENTS FOR AN ALTERNATIVE CSLFRF COMPLIANCE EXAMINATION ENGAGEMENT

We have examined Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the compliance requirements "activities allowed or unallowed" and "allowable cost/cost principles" (the specified requirements) as described in Part IV "Requirements for an Alternative Compliance Examination Engagement for Recipients That Would Otherwise be Required to Undergo a Single Audit or Program-Specific Audit as a Result of Receiving Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds" of the CSLFRF section of the 2022 OMB Compliance Supplement (referred to herein as "Requirements for an Alternative CSLFRF Compliance Examination Engagement") during the year ended September 30, 2024. Management of Lamb County, Texas is responsible for Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards established by the AICPA; the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in the "Requirements for an Alternative CSLFRF Compliance Examination Engagement." Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Lamb County, Texas complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Lamb County, Texas compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above during the year ended September 30, 2024.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we are required to report all deficiencies that are considered to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control; fraud, and noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements that have a material effect on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance. We are also required to obtain and report the views of responsible officials concerning the findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as any planned corrective actions. We performed our examination to express an opinion on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control over the specified

Lamb County, Texas Page 2

requirements or on compliance and other matters; accordingly, we express no such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed no matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Intended Purpose

The purpose of this examination report is solely to express an opinion on whether Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects with the specified requirements referenced above during the year ended September 30, 2024. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

Amarillo, Texas June 20, 2025